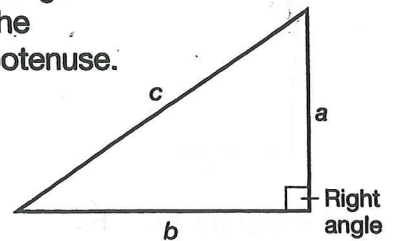




## SKILL 21: The Pythagorean Theorem

The **hypotenuse** of a right triangle is the side opposite the right angle and is the longest side. The other two sides are called **legs**. In the triangle at the right, sides  $a$  and  $b$  are the legs. Side  $c$  is the hypotenuse.



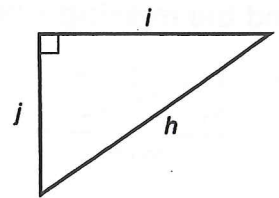
The **Pythagorean Theorem** states that the sum of the squares of the lengths of the legs of a right triangle is equal to the square of the length of the hypotenuse. This can be written algebraically as  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .

### Example 1

Name the hypotenuse and legs of the right triangle.

Side  $h$  is opposite the right angle, so it is the hypotenuse.

Sides  $i$  and  $j$  are the legs.



### Example 2

Find the length of side  $c$ .

Use the Pythagorean Theorem.

Substitute 9 for  $a$  and 12 for  $b$ .

Square 9 and 12.

Add.

Find  $\sqrt{225}$ .

The length of the hypotenuse is 15 cm.

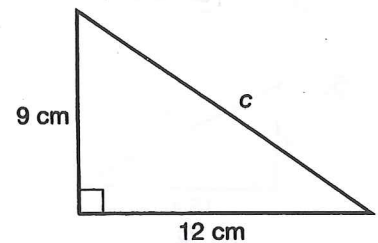
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$9^2 + 12^2 = c^2$$

$$81 + 144 = c^2$$

$$225 = c^2$$

$$15 = c$$



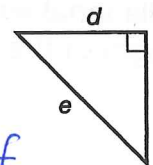
### Guided Practice

1. Name the hypotenuse and legs of the right triangle.

a. The side opposite the right angle is side e.

So, the hypotenuse is side e.

b. The legs of the right triangle are sides d and f.



2. Find the missing length in the right triangle.

Use the Pythagorean Theorem.

Substitute 4 for  $b$  and 5 for  $c$ .

Replace each squared number with its value.

Undo the addition. Subtract 16 from both sides.  $a^2 + 16 - 16 = 25 - 16$

To find  $a$ , find the square root of 9.

The missing length is 3 in.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

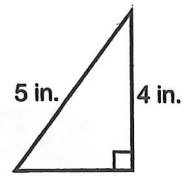
$$a^2 + \underline{4^2} = \underline{5^2}$$

$$a^2 + 16 = 25$$

$$a^2 = \underline{9}$$

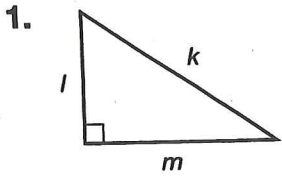
$$\sqrt{9} = \underline{3}$$

$$a = \underline{3}$$

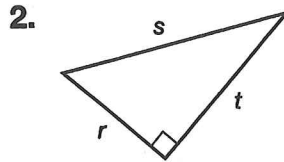


**SKILL 21: Practice**

Name the hypotenuse and legs of each right triangle.

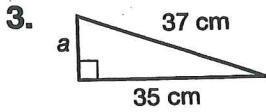


Hypotenuse: k  
Legs: l and m

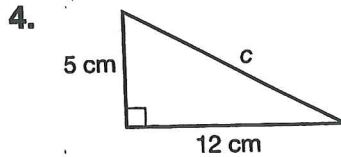


Hypotenuse: s  
Legs: r and t

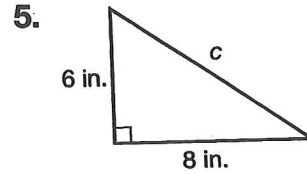
Find the missing length in each right triangle.



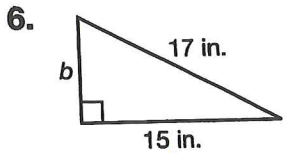
$a = \underline{12 \text{ cm}}$



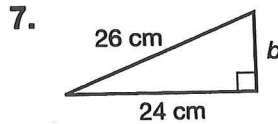
$c = \underline{13 \text{ cm}}$



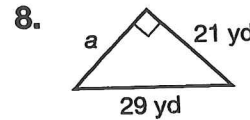
$c = \underline{10 \text{ in.}}$



$b = \underline{8 \text{ in.}}$



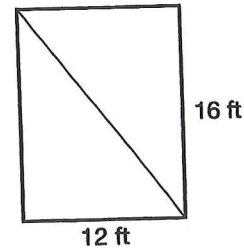
$b = \underline{10 \text{ cm}}$



$a = \underline{20 \text{ yd}}$

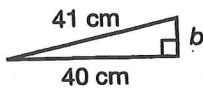
9. A courtyard that is 12 feet by 16 feet has a diagonal walkway. What is the length of the walkway?

20 ft



**TEST PREP**

10. What is the length of side  $b$  of the right triangle?



- A 1 cm      **C 9 cm**  
B 7 cm      D 11 cm

Skill 21

11. Evaluate  $4 + x^2$  for  $x = 8$ .

- F 60      **H 68**  
G 20      J 144

Skill 20